



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture Tpcm 580SP
Registration number -
Synonyms None.
Issue date 15-March-2016
Version number 01
Revision date -
Supersedes date -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Industrial use.
Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Laird
Address 4707 Detroit Ave Cleveland, Ohio 44102
USA
Telephone number +1-216-939-2300
Email clv-customerservice@lairdtech.com

Manufacturer Laird
Address C3&C4 Building, HongTai Industry Park, NO.87 Tai Feng Road, TEDA,
Tianjin, China
Telephone number +86(0)22-66298160

Corporate Office Laird PLC
Address 100 Pall Mall, London, SW1Y 5NQ
United Kingdom
Telephone number +44 (0)20 7468 4040

1.4. Emergency telephone number Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec). Other Countries:
+1-703-527-3887.
Telephone hours 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. Collect calls accepted.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards		
Flammable liquids	Category 3	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Health hazards		
Aspiration hazard	Category 1	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Hazard summary May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse health effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H226
H304

Flammable liquid and vapour.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P210
P233
P240
P241
P242
P243
P280

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P310
P331
P303 + P361 + P353
P370 + P378

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

P403 + P235
P405

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Store locked up.

Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental label information None.

2.3. Other hazards None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	INDEX No.	Notes
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0 - 5	64742-48-9 265-150-3	-	649-327-00-6	
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Asp. Tox. 1;H304				P

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapour.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.
Special fire fighting procedures	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Industrial use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Estonia. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits of Hazardous Substances. (Annex of Regulation No. 293 of 18 September 2001)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Vapor.

Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits

Components	Type	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	500 mg/m ³

Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)

Components	Type	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	300 mg/m ³
		50 ppm

Latvia. OELs. Occupational exposure limit values of chemical substances in work environment

Components	Type	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	10 mg/m ³

Portugal. VLEs. Norm on occupational exposure to chemical agents (NP 1796)

Components	Type	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	400 ppm

Romania. OELs. Protection of workers from exposure to chemical agents at the workplace

Components	Type	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	STEL	200 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 mg/m ³

Switzerland. SUVA Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz

Components	Type	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	STEL	600 mg/m ³
		100 ppm
	TWA	300 mg/m ³ 50 ppm

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

- Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid, Liquid.
Form Encapsulated product diluted with a solvent
Colour Grey.

Odour Mild.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not applicable.

Flash point 54,0 °C (129,2 °F) (ASTM D-56)

Evaporation rate Unknown.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) > 0,7 %

Flammability limit - upper (%) < 5,4 %

Vapour pressure Unknown.

Vapour density Negligible.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies) Negative.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature 343 °C (649,4 °F)

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not applicable.

Explosive properties Not applicable.

Oxidising properties Not applicable.

9.2. Other information

Bulk density 2,2 - 2,5 g/cc at 25 °C

VOC (Weight %) < 7 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Metal oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort.
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Respiratory sensitisation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Skin sensitisation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Reproductive toxicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.
Other information	Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard. Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification for hazardous to the aquatic environment, long term hazard, is not possible. The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Not available.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	The product is insoluble in water.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not available.
12.6. Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR	
14.1. UN number	UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

Label(s) 3

Hazard No. (ADR) 30

Tunnel restriction code D/E

14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

RID

14.1. UN number UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

Label(s) 3

14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ADN

14.1. UN number UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

Label(s) 3

14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No.

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping name Petroleum products, n.o.s. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No.

ERG Code 3L

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN1268

14.2. UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -

14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

EmS F-E, S-E

14.6. Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not established.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Directive 92/85/EEC: on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding, as amended

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances

Not listed.

Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Other regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. Pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of exposure. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

National regulations

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

Not available.

References

Not available.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Training information

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Disclaimer

Laird cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.